



Announcement

We have taken over the John Deere and DeLaval agencies from Mr. W. V. Miller, who will look after this end of our business during the coming season.

We will be able to give an up to date service in repair parts and new machinery as you have had in times past from Mr. Miller.

Note—We are agents for genuine Plymouth Binder Twine

J. L. ACHESON

—FOR—
EVERYTHING IN HARDWARE

New Barber Shop

I wish to announce to the residents of this district that I will open an up-to-date barber shop, one door south of the postoffice in Oyen, about the end of the present week.

Ladies' Work a Specialty

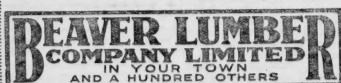
"Jimmy" Ray

Dry Lumber in Shed

A bigger and better stock than ever is our motto for this year.

Nothing too big, nothing too small.

We intend giving you lower prices and better service during the present year.



Read the Advertisements

GROCERIES

Let us fill your next Grocery order.

Our stock is complete in all staple lines.

Come in and see us in our new store (opposite Beaver Lumber yard).

J. J. PURCELL
General Merchant



SAMUEL LARCOMBE
of Birnie, Manitoba, who has resigned from the Presidency of the Manitoba Agricultural Society, has become adviser to the Manitoba Government on agricultural problems.

LEGAL NOTICE

Municipal District of Golden Centre
No. 272

TAKE NOTICE that under the Tax Recovery Act, 1922, the following lands will be offered for sale, by public auction, at the Masonic Hall, Oyen, Alberta, at 2 p.m., on Monday, February 24th, 1927. Information as to any parcel will be supplied by the undersigned.

S.E. 2 39 4. West of 4th Mer.
S.W. 2 39 4. West of 4th Mer.
S.E. 3 39 4. West of 4th Mer.
N.W. 7 39 4. West of 4th Mer.
N.E. 12 39 4. West of 4th Mer.
S.E. 12 39 4. West of 4th Mer.
N.W. 16 39 4. West of 4th Mer.
S.E. 20 39 4. West of 4th Mer.
S.W. 20 39 4. West of 4th Mer.
N.W. 20 39 4. West of 4th Mer.
N.W. 22 39 4. West of 4th Mer.
S.E. 24 39 4. West of 4th Mer.
S.E. 30 39 4. West of 4th Mer.
S.W. 30 39 4. West of 4th Mer.

The above lands will be offered subject to reserve bid and the reservations contained in the existing certificates of title and reserving thereon all mines and minerals. Redemption may be effected by payment of full amount of arrears at any time prior to the sale. Terms will be announced at the sale.

Dated at Oyen, Alberta, this 19th day of February, 1927.

RALPH GREENE,

Secretary-Treasurer

WEDDING

SATRE—WALDO

The wedding of Jessie Emma, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Freeman Waldo, of Excel, and Joseph Gordon Satre, son of Mr. and Mrs. John Satre of Sudalia, was quietly solemnized at the United Church parsonage, Oyen, on Friday, February 11.

CARD OF THANKS

Mrs. Partridge, children and relatives wish to express their very sincere thanks for the kindness and sympathy extended during their recent sad bereavement and also for the many beautiful floral tributes.

Died—At Sibbald, Alta., on Monday, February 21, Martin J. Gleason, the four-week-old infant son of Mr. and Mrs. J. Gleason. A funeral service was conducted to-day in Oyen, at the Sacred Heart Church.

M. D. of Golden Centre

The 9th meeting of Council of the M. D. of Golden Centre No. 272, was held at Golden Centre School on Saturday, February 19, 1927.

Members all present except Councillors Morris and Horner. Council called to order by the Reeve and business transacted as follows:

Minutes read and confirmed.

Correspondence read and disposed of.

Financial Statement read and accepted.

The following accounts were paid: Land Titles Office, with drawal of Caveat, 31.25; Alberta Gazette, notices of Tax Sales, 10.00 and notice of pound Sale, 2.25; Chapman and Slessor Agency, premium on Soc-Trens, bond, 20.00; Central Alberta Sanatorium, maintenance of Miss Coulter, 12.00; Cereal Recorder, 5.00 statements, 23.00; Western Municipal News, books, forms and 7 subscriptions to News, 38.00; Office expense, 20.00; Telephone tolls, 15.25; Express on supplies, .68; Ralph Greene, salary, Jan. and Feb. 250.00; J. C. C. G. (C. G. G.) 100.00; A. B. Hughes, stamps, 15.00; J. A. Gray, filling cellar, N.W. 31-29-5, 3.00; George Hallett, relief, 40.00.

The annual meeting of electors was held from one to three o'clock and nominations from three to four o'clock. Bruce Morris and Ed. Stewart were elected by acclamation and only one elector from ward No. 6, being present no nomination was made.

Council adjourned to meet on Monday, March 7, at 10.00 a.m., at the N.E. 13-30-5-4.

Ralph Greene, Sec-Trens.

OBITUARY

NEWTON F. PARTRIDGE

The death of Newton F. Partridge occurred at Calgary on Saturday, February 19. The body was brought to Oyen on Monday morning, and a funeral service was conducted at 1 o'clock in the United Church. Interment followed at Oyen Cemetery, Rev. C. R. Corecan officiating.

A number of beautiful floral tributes covered the casket.

The deceased man had been suffering from a rupture, and went into Calgary on January 28. He was operated on January 31. Following the operation, he appeared to be making progress for about 2 weeks, when he relapsed and never recovered. Mrs. Partridge and Mr. D. Patterson arrived in Calgary the day previous to his death and were with him at the end.

The late Mr. Partridge is survived by his wife and three children, Olive, Frank and Harry; eight brothers, Edward, Thomas, Ralph and Ira of Sintuluta, Sask., Albert of Tregarva, Sask., Fred of McTaggart, Sask., John of Summerberry, Sask., and Wilfred of Burnaby, B.C.; and four sisters, Mrs. Charles Garsner, Mrs. David Hailton and Mrs. George Clark of Sintuluta, Sask., and Mrs. John Gilroy of Govan, Sask.

The consolation event of the local bonspiel, is being played off to-day. The draw provides games at 10 a.m., 1 p.m., 4 p.m. and 7 p.m. The final frame will be played to-morrow evening, at 7.30. 10 rinks are competing.

Special 10 days Showing

Ladies' fancy Evening and Afternoon Dresses

These are all in the latest styles and colors of the Eastern Market. Quality and Style considered, the prices at which these goods are offered, gives you exceptional value.

Car of Flour and Feed on Track next week

S. A. MILLER

Order Your New Spring SUIT and OVERCOAT

A wonderful new range of snappy, up-to-the-minute patterns for your selection.

Good Style, Good Fit, Dependable Tailoring, everything to give particular men and young men that custom tailored look.

Clothes may not make the man, but GOOD CLOTHES certainly enhance his appearance and prestige in any walk of life.

"Better Built" Garments are guaranteed.

"BETTER BUILT" MEANS
Better Wear
Better Value
Better Satisfaction

J. B. LOWE

Leather Goods and Clothing

Invites you to call and inspect his new range of samples. You will find the materials to your liking and the prices right. No obligation to buy.

REX TAILORING CO. Ltd.
TORONTO - CANADA

Grocery Specials For This Week

Blue Ribbon Peaches, 5's	\$1.25
Rogers Syrup, 5 lbs	.55
Rogers Syrup, 10 lbs	1.00
Salada Tea, 1 lb package	.75

Good Value in Soaps
Unique Assorted Hand Soap 5 & 10c.

Try our Golden Santos Coffee, 1 lb .45

We Appreciate Your Trade

MacArthur's Grocery

INCOME AND SALES TAXES ARE REDUCED

Ottawa.—Stressing the increased prosperity which Canada is favored this year and announcing sweeping taxation reductions totalling \$27,000,000, Hon. J. A. Robb, Minister of Finance, presented to the House of Commons his fourth budget. Not a single change is to be made in the tariff. Robb in brevity and in the tariff. Robb in brevity and in the tariff. Robb in brevity and in the tariff.

Several important taxation proposals were laid before the House by Hon. J. A. Robb, the one of greatest general interest probably being the announcement of a cut of ten per cent. on all income tax rates effective for the spring payments. This is supplementary to the raising of the exemptions which came last year.

Mr. Robb also announced a reduction of 20 per cent. on all sales tax rates effective at once.

Out of ten per cent. on all income tax rates effective for the spring payments.

Out of 20 per cent. on all sales tax rates effective tomorrow.

Exemption from stamp tax on cheques, notes, etc., increased from \$5 to \$10, effective Jan. 1.

Stamp tax on cheques, bills, notes, etc., of a value over \$10 is now two cents. The graduated scale is abolished, effective July 1.

Stamp tax on overdrafts and advances abolished.

Special War Revenue Act amended to make it clear that printers are liable to sales tax.

Important announcements were: Reduction in taxation of \$27,000,000. Reduction in net direct taxes of \$20,000,000. Increase in total revenue estimated at \$11,000,000.

Estimated surplus of revenue over expenditure for present fiscal year, \$2,500,000.

Short Line to Bay

Basketon Is Interested in the Proposed Air Mail Line.

Saskatoon, Sask.—The Saskatoon Board of Trade has appointed a committee with Charles W. Graham as chairman, to co-operate with trade interests from other points in the territory interested in the proposed air line to Hudson's Bay, via Melton and The Pas.

The construction of such a line, it is pointed out, would mean a substantial reduction in mileage compared with the Hudson's Bay railway, with a corresponding reduction in freight charges for the entire route. West up to distances of about 100 miles beyond which the western rates were for the most part higher, were lower even up to 200 miles. For example, the sixth class rate which applies to agricultural implements and was therefore very important in the West, was, in the East, equal to or less than that in the East up to 160 miles.

Planning Air Mail

For Peace River

Winter Tests Have Been Started at Aviation Field.

Edmonton, Alberta.—Edmonton has opened an aviation field, known as the Harewood Flying Field. Experimental winter flying tests are to be carried out to different points, two machines from the High River forest patrol station being in the line of work. It is the first municipal flying field opened in Canada, either.

As a result of these tests, it is understood, that a service, both mail and commercial, will be inaugurated in the Peace River country.

Want Increased Indemnities.

Winnipeg.—An increase in members' indemnities from \$1,500 to \$1,800 is sought by several members of the Provincial Legislature. The matter was debated in committee of supply with William Brown, Labor, introducing the subject when he declared he was not satisfied with \$1,500 a year. Several other members expressed the same view. Premier John Bracken expressed himself as in sympathy with the idea.

Must Consume Domestically.

London.—The delay in Great Britain's reply to the United States naval disarmament proposal is due, it was stated, to the necessity of consulting the Dominions. There is no indication as to when the reply is likely to be dispatched.

W. N. 1, 1925

May Reduce Cattle

Rates to Britain

Possible in Near Future Says Deputy Minister of Agriculture.

Winnipeg.—A reduction in ocean freight rates in cattle shipments to the British Isles seems a possibility in the near future, Dr. J. H. Gribble, Deputy Minister of Agriculture, stated in an address here before the Western Livestock Union. Dr. Gribble desires that, as the result of a recent conference with officials of the various shipping lines, an understanding has been reached that the question of reduced rates would be fully considered.

Any downward readjustment, he asserted, would depend upon the recommendations of steamship representatives in the Dominion. If a reduction could be obtained it would mean the difference between a profit or an actual loss on shipments of Canadian cattle.

While stressing the importance of enlarging the home market for Canadian farm products, Dr. Gribble said, "I do not look for any wild rush of the stamp tax on overdrafts and advances being abolished, as also in the graduated scale. These changes will become effective July 1."

Following is a brief summary of the tax reduction proposals:

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Fewer Wage-Earners

Only Four Out of Ten Work for Living in U.S. Report

New York.—Less than four out of ten persons in the United States in 1925 were working for a living, according to a study made public by the National Industrial Conference Board.

A decline in the number of gainfully occupied persons in proportion to total population in the United States between 1910 and 1920, and further 1920 and 1925, are reported. Relatively larger school and college enrolments and changes in immigration are credited with being among the chief factors in producing the trend.

REVENUE FROM FREIGHT BETTER ON THE PRAIRIES

Ottawa.—Reasons for the passage of a great amount of Canadian grain from the Canadian west to the Atlantic ports and through United States ports, were discussed before the Board of Railway Commissioners investigating freight rates.

The discussion arose during the examination of George Stephen, as the freight traffic manager of the Canadian Pacific Railway, by Commissioner Oliver, who called attention to the quantity of grain being shipped to the United States, termed the Canadian "a very serious national problem."

Commented for the C.P.R. contended that the movement of grain within Canada had greatly increased during the period of open navigation and caused for the Maritime Provinces added that the available ocean tonnage was the deciding factor. Exporters took their grain to the port where facilities were ready to receive it.

Mr. Stephen pointed out certain characteristics of the freight business in the British Columbia. One of the most important of these was the large percentage of the territory which was absolutely non-productive.

This was accounted for by mountainous conditions and by the fact that at least 35 per cent. of the tonnage of freight was even in the prairie provinces placed and there were no barren stretches such as existed in British Columbia.

Home Bank Credits.

Ottawa.—The sum of \$222,000 of the \$250,000 vote by Parliament for relief of Home Bank certificates, remains unpaid because certain, remains unpaid because certain, remains unpaid because certain.

London.—London streets are far too dangerous as they tell my taxi and going into the air taxi business.

Mr. Harold Solomon, who is studying aviation.

Department of S.G.R. Report.

Ottawa.—The Department of Soldiers Civil Re-establishment paid \$1,000,424 in the last fiscal year, according to the department's report filed in the House of Commons by Hon. Dr. J. H. King, the minister.

There was a reduction of 42 in the number of soldiers receiving treatment from the previous year, the total being 3,097.

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RESOLUTION ASKS FOR LOW RATES ON ALBERTA COAL

Ottawa.—A national policy by which Ontario and other parts of central Canada will be supplied with coal from the mines in the House of Commons on a resolution proposed by T. L. Church (Conservative, Toronto Northwest).

Mr. Church's resolution asked for lower rates on Alberta coal and a duty against coal from the United States, to insure an all-British supply for Canada, and afford adequate protection for coal mines.

Mr. Church said the present Canadian coal policy was ready-made and pro-American and blamed the directors of the Canadian National Railway for the fact that most of the coal used in Ontario came from United States mines.

"I am surprised," Mr. Speaker, that you have not taken this motion into order, as the question is before the railway commission. In this a few Parliament or is it not?" Mr. Church asked, and proceeded to expound what he claimed was the desire of the people of Canada to have a coal supply.

"I am not soliciting Sir Henry Thornton personally," said Mr. Church, "but the east country that allows this thing to go on."

The rate of \$9 a ton offered by the railways for bringing Alberta coal to Ontario, did not meet the need. It must be lower than that.

"You will never make any headway on this question as long as the present directors of the C.N.R. are handling it," Mr. Church said, "or the present minister of railways."

To send the references to the railway commission was made a year ago, and the indications were that there would be no decision from it in time for any movement of coal next summer.

Hon. Charles Stewart, minister of revenue, said the coal question had been receiving considerable thought and study on the part of the Government.

Mr. Stewart read at some length from a report of the fuel board on the entire fuel situation of Canada. At the conclusion, Mr. Stewart pointed out that the Government was actually spending a great deal of money which had reduced the importations of American coal by 2,000,000 tons a year since 1922.

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France Refuses to Attend Conference

Washington.—Hopes of the Washington government for an effective naval limitation conference have been joined severely by a polite rejection from France and a forecast that Italy also will decline to participate.

With the declaration of France the opinion here was that Italy would accept and still make possible the gathering of representatives of sufficient number of nations to bring practical results in the timing of armaments and touched upon at the Washington conference.

A semi-official communiqué issued in Rome, however, announced that Italy would follow the lead of France in declining to the proposal of President Coolidge for the conference leaving as a matter of conjecture the next step of the United States government in seeking methods of obtaining the agreements which it hoped for.

Tentative consideration had been given to a possible four-power conference participated in by the United States, Japan, Italy and Great Britain, even before the unfavorable French reply was received. Acceptance of the Coolidge invitation were considered as having been assured from Japan and Great Britain, but obviously the attitude of Great Britain may now be affected by the position of France and Italy.

For the moment it is unlikely that any plan of further action will be formulated here in the advance of the British and Japanese formal replies.

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Department of S.G.R. Report.

The British In Shanghai

Treaty in 1842 Gave Them Rights
Revolutionists Are Trying to Cancel

Shanghai, where British warships and troops are stationed in accordance with a possible attack by Cantonese troops, consists of two cities, foreign and native. The International Settlement and the French Concession, which are contiguous, are respectively eight and two-thirds square miles and four square miles in area. These lands were originally granted from the Chinese in the native city. Chinese sympathizers talk about "foreign domination," but the real problem is whether revolutionists can by violence cancel rights granted by their own Government long ago, and possession of a great modern city developed by foreigners on land which the Chinese themselves were not able to use.

The Treaty of Nanjing, in 1842, gave the British the right to live and trade in Shanghai, and the Treaty of Commerce, in 1858, following year, provided that grounds and houses should be set apart for them by the local officials. In the communication this with the result. In 1848 an area was set aside by the Chinese for the French, and shortly afterwards one for Americans. In 1858 the three settlements were for a short time united, but the French dropped out in 1860. The British and Americans continued to live together, and in 1899 were given a new set of boundaries. The International Settlement still governs Shanghai. The United States, however, disposed of its rights in the treaty settlement long ago.

The preponderant foreign interests in the settlement are British, the amount of British capital being estimated at not less than £2,250,000. In the settlement there are about 7,000 British, 5,000 Japanese, 2,000 Americans, 2,000 French, 2,000 Chinese, and 2,000 other foreigners. There are also 150,000 Chinese who prefer to live there rather than in their own native city in order to enjoy the protection to life and property given by the British flag. The municipal administration is made up of British, French and Chinese, and the British and Chinese are the backbone of the city. It was, in fact, says a correspondent of the London Times, "wherever there is a piece of land as British overseas have ever been left to develop. The Shanghai area is the only foreign land of China, which China nearly half its Customs revenue, and is the chief centre from which radiate the economic influences of the 'shanghai modern China'." From the Toronto Mail and Empire.

Ship's Doctor Thinks

Chief Surgeon of Majesty Says He Knows People

The "ship's doctor" of the Majesty has just completed his 50th anniversary. He has served more than 25 years on the ocean highway, and has completed a log of more than three million miles.

He has watched over more than 15,000 people, and his knowledge of medicine is such that he has, with hundreds of miles of water behind him, and hundreds more ahead, a reputation as a ship's doctor.

"I know people," says Dr. J. C. Bennett, this chief surgeon of the White Star fleet.

"People are nowhere on earth, so far as I am concerned, all that they are, as on the high seas, away from all the ties of land."

The doctor knows how people feel danger. That is an unfailing guide of character.

Failed to Qualify

One of His Majesty's inspectors of schools in a Northern city had been testing the children of a very young district for admission to an institution for the mentally defective. Walking homeward, through a narrow street, he overheard the following comment on his daughter's first day on the doorstep: "What's wrong with you, woman? You're getting the day's second day's education."

adjunct director: "For Jeanie, who examined for an idiot, she should pass."

Red Japanese Imperial Color
Metropolitan police throughout Japan are losing instructions that privately owned vehicles shall not be painted red, this being the color that has now been reserved for the sole use of the Imperial household. Licenses plates are being refused to cars which are painted in the forbidden color, and motor car dealers who have red colored cars on hand are in something of a quandary.

The really gifted car shouter makes no noise about his trade.

W. N. A. 1929

The Value of Sleep

Some Differences of Opinion as to How Much Sleep is Enough

This little life is full of surprises. Of all the amazing statements to come from a professor of physiology, that made in Toronto by Dr. Martin, of Leland Stanford University, to the effect that men sleep too much nowadays, is one of the most startling. There has been current for some years past an almost universal impression that if mankind did one thing it ought not to do, that one thing was turning night into day, doctors have been urging us to go to bed earlier, to sleep longer, to make sure we got our full need of sleep, and to avoid late hours. Now comes an expert to assure us it is all wrong and that we sleep too much. At the same time he advocates a five-hour working day.

To adopt his suggestions would be to upset the entire social system and the whole industry of the world. Moreover, if people sleep too little as things are, they would only extend their nightly amusements further towards dawn if they cut down their regular sleep. Dr. Martin does urge more rest, but he says that can be taken in many ways without sleeping. Probably the best way is to sleep less. True, while others experience relief from fatigue in realizing the old adage that sleep is the best of all remedies, so far as its duration is concerned, six hours for a man, seven for a woman, and eight for a child are adequate, will probably continue to be quoted long after Dr. Martin has given up trying to convince a forward and nervous generation that it is all wrong—Dr. Martin.

Watch the Electric Iron

May Cause Extensive Fire if Left With Current On

Metal or glass receptacles should be provided wherever matches are used. There is a special place reserved for matches which have not yet been ignited and another for burned matches. Many a disastrous fire has been started by a match being stepped on, or by the friction of the teeth of shuffling robes or coats, or by leaving a match in a receptacle, could get hold of them and play with it. It is never safe to toss a burning match into a waste basket, for the match may be smoldering for some time while the others are burning.

Quarters in English Town Have All Modern Conveniences
Merrivale, Monmouthshire, England, is a small town of 1,000 people, and has all the modern conveniences for its size. It is a quiet town, and has a reputation for its quarters in English town. It has all the modern conveniences for its size. It is a quiet town, and has a reputation for its quarters in English town.

Jack—"Congratulations, Mr. Willie. Your sister just promised to marry me."

Willie—"Pshaw! That's nothing. She promised mother she'd marry you a long time ago."

Farmers Should Keep Sheep

Canada Should Produce a Greater Share of the Wool Used in This Country

Canadian farmers need not be afraid of extending their sheep herds, according to Dominion Livestock Commissioner H. B. Arkell, who spoke at the annual meeting of the Ontario Sheep Breeders' association at Toronto.

"This country imports \$15,000,000 worth of woolen goods, while it produces less than \$5,000,000 worth of wool. There is no reason in the world why we could not produce a far greater share of our own wool," Mr. Arkell stated. "As, having a few of the finer grades, we can market wool largely from our own raw material, which will compare favorably with anything in the world."

Farmers in this country, he said, had a distinct advantage in possessing their own wool marketing machinery in the Canadian co-operative Wool Growers'. This association of producers, he pointed out, had saved farmers probably ten cents a pound this year.

Return Would Be Speedy

Put, employed in a local quarry, one day dropped a sack of dynamite and forthwith disappeared into the clouds with several tons of debris. The catastrophe was witnessed by Mike, who, somewhat late, was approached by the quarry owner.

"Where's Pat?" asked the latter.

"Gone," replied Mike.

"And when will he be back?"

"Well," said Mike, "if he comes back as fast as he went—bedded, he'll be back yesterday!"

Old paper, cardboard and sawdust are being used as fuel for the furnaces in Europe, by chemical treatment.

Finishing Lambs

Results of Experiment Conducted at Lethbridge Experimental Farm

Two hundred lambs were divided into four equal groups at Lethbridge, Alberta, Dominion experimental station in order to ascertain the most profitable quantity of grain to feed with alfalfa hay as the main roughage, as well as in combination with certain other roughage in finishing the animals. The experiment lasted 95 days—from November 3 of one year to January 20 of the next year, both dates inclusive. In addition to the alfalfa hay group, No. 1 was fed a full ration of grain; group No. 2 a half ration of grain; group No. 3 a third and a half ration of grain; and group No. 4 a full ration of alfalfa and half ration of grain. They were all started on a small daily ration of grain, but in the case of group No. 1, the ration was increased to full proportions as rapidly as possible. The feeding was carried on in the open, the only shelter being an enclosed shed on the west side of each corral. During the first seven days the grain mixture consisted of one half oats and one half barley, but after that it was one half oats and two thirds barley fed whole. Within three weeks the lambs were consuming two pounds but they never exceeded that amount.

Of group No. 1, forty-five were finished within the period of No. 2, twenty-eight; of No. 3, thirty-three; and of No. 4, twenty-five. A statistical table in the report of the Superintendent, Mr. W. H. Fairbairn, shows the average gain per head in the different groups as 35.8, 24.4, 23.5 and 22.5 respectively, reckoning in pounds and ounces. The cost of feed per head in the different groups is figured at \$1.35, \$2.55, and \$2.62.

Alfalfa hay is valued at \$9 per ton, sheep at \$4 per ton, barley at 22 cents per bushel and oats at 21 cents.

Luxury for Tramps

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Willie—"Pshaw! That's nothing. She promised mother she'd marry you a long time ago."

Coyotes Numerous in B.C.

Coyotes are more numerous and more daring than ever before, according to old-timers of the Cariboo country. The coyote's depredations have been so serious this winter that ranching in many sections of the interior of British Columbia have written to various authorities urging that the bounty, which now stands at \$2.50, be increased.

Employer—"Well, did the bookkeeper tell you what you had to do?"

Office boy: "Yes sir. Keep my eyes open and wake him before you came in."



George Young, of Catalan Island swimming team, is enjoying the fruits of his great aquatic victory, but even more so now since his mother travelled to meet him in California recently.

right, are shown John Walker, Young's coach when the latter was in Toronto; Miss Isabelle Young, Mrs. Young's sister, and Mrs. Jennie Young. The three were photographed at the United States Hotel, Toronto, just prior to their departure over the Canadian Pacific line for the South.

Loneliest Man in London

Guard at Wembley Exhibition

"The loneliest man in London" is a description which might be applied to George Lockwick, watchman at the recently closed British Empire Exhibition at Wembley.

There are three watchmen now left, but Lockwick is the only one who lives and sleeps in the exhibition grounds. He occupies, with his wife a small hut. All about him is the deserted, deserted, half-ruined waste which was once the exhibition.

"When I take my turn at night," Lockwick said a newspaper representative, "the only sounds to be heard are the hoots of the owls and the purring of rats."

"The rats and the stray cats which creep on them, are the chief inhabitants of the exhibition now. There are also some 20 or 30 pigeons left, and twice a week or so a lady comes to feed them. She has come regularly for the purpose ever since the exhibition closed. The birds are getting fewer now, and I think the cats have been getting at them."

It takes him over two hours to make my round, and on a frosty night it is no joke, I can assure you. I have to feel my way and be particularly careful not to walk into the lake."

"I carry a hurricane lamp on my round, but that doesn't penetrate far in a fog. For object in patrolling the place is to see that no unauthorized person is wandering about."

"No, I can't say I have had any adventures in the grounds, save one, nearly falling down some of the big logs, of which there are many."

"I walk round Africa, Australia and Canada every night, but I don't go inside unless I find the door open. I have to be very careful as I go past Canada just now, as a lot of wood has been started against the wall, and it makes the going awkward. If I should slip, nobody would find me until the morning."

Most Absent-Minded Man

Had \$2,000 and Forgot Both Money and Where It Was

The world's most absent minded man has been found in the person of a Canadian child, who, three years ago, hid two thousand dollars in a closet and then forgot, not only that he had done so, but that he had the money to hide. The money was found the other day by the present tenant of the house in which the child lived. The child, who had hidden it because of his distrust in banks.

Feeds That Contain Poison

Oxalic Acid Found in Strawberries, Apples, Rhubarb and Tomatoes

There are several fruits and vegetables that contain small quantities of oxalic acid, which is a poison. The correct way to eat these fruits is to eat them in moderation, and to avoid eating them in large quantities.

It is a family of plants that includes among its members the deadly nightshade.

Another group of so-called organic acids, such as the citric acid of lemons and the malic acid of apples, is oxalic acid, found in rhubarb, strawberries, and tomatoes.

The oxalic acid and the soluble combinations in which it is found are poisonous, and it is well enough of them that the body will be just as dead as those who have extracted some of the poison from potatoes or the intestine from (to be) swallowed it.

It seems to have become calmed to the idea of being killed by nicotine, however, and it will probably never get much farther than that.

Albany Municipal Hospitals
A financial surplus, with cash in the bank, is reported by every municipal hospital in Albany.

The pawnbroker's profits depend on the interest he takes in his business.

John D. Rockefeller recently gave a Sunday school party at his home. (Vince has its reward eventually.

Canada's First Railway

Open Hauled Trains Operated in the Hudson Bay

The first railway in Canada was operated in the west, according to H. J. Symington, K.C., who in a recent address before the Winnipeg Chamber of Commerce, reviewed the development of railway transportation in the Dominion.

The road was not a steam one, but worked on the rail principle of the present-day systems. Wooden tracks were employed and the coaches hauled by oxen or human power.

The line was constructed by the Hudson's Bay Company from Lake Winnipeg to the lower regions of the South Saskatchewan river. It was used by the company to avoid Grand Rapids en route to the Hudson Bay, which was the port for the company's merchant vessels from England.

The first steam-hauled locomotive was tested over the Champlain-St. Lawrence line and the experiment was made at night in case some persons might object to it as dangerous. Mr. Symington said.

Reference to the safety of the establishment of locomotive transportation in the United States, the speaker stated that in Canada the law accelerated the action taken in 1854 against the road of the engine to protect the passengers in the cars being hauled in case the boiler exploded. This legislation had been enforced after a negro engineer, who took a dislike to the blasting of the steam through the boiler, had exploded the boiler and the train was wrecked.

As in England, public opinion had been against the new invention of wheels, and one instance was cited by Mr. Symington where a German doctor maintained that if cows were allowed to graze near the tracks, the rumen from the engine would turn their milk sour.

Railway transportation had been established only after a great struggle, but history showed that the development of a country or its people went with its transportation.

Both Had Good Reasons

Essayists in London School Provide Amused Lecture on Inspectors

A crowded lecture hall at University College, Gower-street, London, was the scene of a lecture by C. W. Kinnison, formerly chief inspector of schools under the London County Council, read to a meeting of the Private School Association, the subject written by a schoolgirl on the subject of "Why I am glad I am a girl."

The essayist wrote: "I am glad I am a girl because I can think myself cleverer because he can make in water where it is deep. When a boy grows up he is called a man, and the next day, he is a man, but stops out all night, when a girl grows up she becomes a widow and keeps house. A school-boy is exasperated, explaining why he is glad he is a boy, wrote:—

"I am glad I am a girl because I can think myself cleverer than the female. We learn the reason from the story of the Creation, for man was made last, and out of the dust of man and woman from the ribs of a man."

"Take a sack of dust and drop it down a hole and you will only hear a small thud, but if it is the same way you drop down a sack of bones you will hear a great rattle, and the reason is because dust is more silent than bones."

The Heads in the United States

Men Occupying Important Posts Average About Sixty Years of Age

Men of about sixty years of age on the average are the heads of the country's one hundred outstanding organizations in industry, finance, education and communication. The youngest set of executives in any of these fields is that which is engaged in banking. These men are younger of fifty-five. The oldest group is that of financiers, occupied with water and more varied activities than the bankers strictly so called. This has long been known as a young man's country. Evidently it is a pretty good country for young men of all ages—N.Y. Evening Post.

Attacked by Coyote

Attacked by a captive coyote while he was at play near his home at Glendale, Cal., Thomas H. Hark, who suffered severe lacerations on his leg and about his body. The animal killed the boy down and was tearing at him with teeth and claws when the lad's older brother arrived and beat the coyote off. The coyote, however, had been in captivity since it was a pup and had never before shown signs of ferocity, was destroyed.

He—"Awfully jolly concert wasn't it? Awfully jolly thing by that fellow—what's his name? Something like 'Buckaroo'."

She—"Downed! What do you mean? I only know of Beethoven, Mozart, Wagner, Handel. I know it was something you caught hold of!"

He—"Newsworthy—Good heavens, I don't! You surely don't expect a brass band everywhere you go on our honeymoon, do you?"

His Bride—"Oh, no! I have that on my finger!"

Flax For Fibre

Important Factors in the Production of a Satisfactory Crop

University of soil, freedom from weeds, good drainage and a fair degree of fertility are important factors in the production of a satisfactory crop of flax fibre. If the soil is not uniform the crop of fibre will be irregular in quality and cause trouble in retting and scutching. Freedom from weeds is necessary as their presence makes harvesting very difficult.

The land on which flax seed is to be sown should have been ploughed in the fall, in the spring as soon as land is fit for preparation it should be worked to a very fine tilth, and rolled with a heavy roller before sowing.

Flax seed suitable for sowing should be capable of germinating at least 90 per cent, and be practically free from weed seeds and of a bright, shining appearance. The seed of the Dominion Experimental Farms show that flax blue and white are the two of the most productive varieties, the former grown seed of these varieties give better results than varieties sown.

Flax fibre should always be sown broadcast. Sowing at the rate of 1 1/2 bushels per acre is generally satisfactory, but the tests carried out at the Dominion Experimental Farms indicate that the yield of fibre may be increased by a heavier application of seed up to 2 bushels per acre.

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His Bride—"Oh, no! I have that on my finger!"

Importance Of Maintaining Moisture In The Indoor Air During The Winter Months

The extreme importance of maintaining sufficient moisture in the indoor air during the heating season has never been fully realized in Canada. Of course, everyone knows in a general way, that the atmosphere of our houses is much too dry in the winter months, but very few realize the extent to which the condition affects our health and comfort, nor to mention the increased consumption of fuel and destruction to house furnishings.

Insulated houses without artificial means of humidification, are particularly liable to develop unhealthy living conditions in winter.

The human nose performs all the duties of a well-oiled air conditioner plant in a threefold way, acting as a filter for dust and bacteria, heating the air which enters the lungs and humidifying it to 40 per cent relative humidity. If only very dry air is breathed continuously, the nose is called on to furnish large amounts of moisture, resulting in the drying up of the mucous membranes and nasal secretions and the consequent irritation and swelling of the body's mucous membranes in the throat and nose. This frequently causes headaches and dizziness and prevents a receptive field for disease germs.

The New York State Commission, in its investigation of ventilation conditions in the schools of the State, found that they were able to reduce the temperature in the school rooms from 75 degrees Fahrenheit to 68 degrees by the proper humidification of the air, with the same amount of comfort. That is, the effective temperature was lowered ten degrees. They also discovered that the children's inclination to work was increased 25 per cent, by the cooler atmosphere. In an industrial investigation this commission found that excessive heat promotes premature fatigue. Subjects under test, working on piece-work, receiving a bonus for quantity of work in addition to rate, did 13 per cent more work at 68 degrees than at 75 degrees.

The excessively comfortable conditions required for comfort in dry air, wastes considerable heat. Temperatures of 75 degrees to 80 degrees in common in houses with low humidity, whereas only 68 degrees Fahrenheit is necessary for comfort in a properly moistened atmosphere.

In houses, particularly those not insulated, the raising of the temperature from 70 degrees Fahrenheit to 80 degrees Fahrenheit is usually difficult and requires forcing of fires with a subsequent loss of efficiency in the burning of coal. The evaporation of water to produce proper humidification requires some heat, a questionable overall fuel economy is effected owing to the lower temperature required for comfort.

Considerable controversy has arisen between various authorities on humidity conditions as to the actual amount of fuel saved in this way. Some investigators contend that little saving is accomplished, while others maintain that economies amounting to 15 per cent are possible. The general consensus of opinion according to an analysis by the Natural Resources Intelligence Service of the Department of the Interior, at Ottawa, is that a net saving of from 5 to 10 per cent of fuel may be made in the average house by maintaining the air to the proper degree.

Students From Canada

Ten Are Attending Famous University College in London, Canada, with a contingent of ten, will represent students from forty other countries residing temporarily at University College, London, now about to celebrate its centenary.

University College was the first institution of its kind in the world to offer education without distinction of class, race, creed or sex, principles which have been followed by all the newer university institutions of Great Britain and the British Empire. It was founded in 1827 by Henry Brackenbury, Thomas Clarkson, the poet, and Jeremy Bentham, the utilitarian philosopher.

Amongst other countries largely represented at University College, London, are: Russia, with 19 students; Holland, 21; Australia, 24; France, 21; Africa, 22; Switzerland, 20; Japan, 11; Germany, 51; United States, 52; and India, 111.

Franklin makes people disagreeable, but not all disagreeable people are frank.

W. N. U. 169

Winnipeg Cadets Win Honors

Capture Second Place in Shooting Competition for British Empire

The Tenth Canadian Veterinary Corps and Cadet Corps of Winnipeg, which have been awarded the Governor-General's trophy for general proficiency during last year, captured further honors in the midwinter rifle shooting contests in which nearly 25,000 boys in most parts of the empire competed, further completion of the results show. Shooting in the Senior Imperial Challenge Rifle for second place with an average of 93.47. The Australian Naval Reserve college of Edgely, N.S.W., which captured the shield, had an average of 97.4.

His Majesty King George has written to the National Rifle Association, under whose auspices the contests are conducted annually, expressing much satisfaction at the result of the competition for the King's trophy, in which a Canadian team placed second, and a point behind the South African winners of the trophy. The South African shooters completed an average of 97 points out of a possible 100. In his letter his majesty states that he considers the excellent scores marked up by the boys throughout the empire reflect great credit on the boys and adds that the instructors believe the Canadian competitors deserve great praise for their marksmanship.

"IDEAL Fashions"
by *Pauline Hamilton*



The short jacket is ultra-smart this season and is decidedly smart when fashioned of velveteen, jersey, or fine woolen material. The lower edge is rounded gracefully in front and there is a notched collar. Two-piece sleeves finished with cuffs, and set-in pockets. The jacket as shown in both views is No. 1516 and is in sizes 16, 18, 20, 22, 24 and 26 inches bust. Size 18 (28 bust) requires 2 1/2 yards 36-inch material, or 1 1/2 yards 54-inch; 20 yards lining. Price 20 cents the pattern.

The blouse fastens on the left hip and has a long tie or convertible collar which may be worn high or open as illustrated. There are tabs at each shoulder and long sleeves gathered to wrist-bands. The blouse as shown in both views is in sizes 34, 36, 38, 40, 42 and 44 inches bust. Size 36 requires 2 1/2 yards 36-inch material, or 2 yards 54-inch. Price 20 cents the pattern.

The accordion-plaited skirt as shown in View A, is joined to a darted waistband at the waist. No. 1191 is in sizes 25, 28, 30, 32 and 34 inches waist. Any size requires 2 1/2 yards 36-inch material, 1 1/2 yards 54-inch for bodice-top. Price 20 cents the pattern.

Our Fashion Book, illustrating the newest and most practical styles, the use of interest, and every other dress-maker. Price of the book 10 cents the copy.

How To Order Patterns

Address—Winnipeg Newspaper Union.

176 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg.

Pattern No. Size

.....

Name

.....

Town

Vegetable Growing in Far North

Possibilities of Gardening at Fort Vermilion, Alberta

The reports of the experimentalists in charge of the Dominion substations in the far north, just published at Ottawa, are of special interest as showing the possibilities of agriculture in that region. Three varieties of radish sown at Fort Vermilion, Alberta, on April 30 were ready for use early in June. Long White telea sown June 6 were ready June 18. They were excellent, and resulted in use until late autumn. Cauliflower is usually a good crop. It is sown under glass about April 24, is transplanted a month later and ready for use in another month.

Cabbage and Brussels sprouts were treated the same way about the same time and were harvested in September. Tomatoes sown in hot beds April 27 and transplanted June 1, were harvested between August 6 and 18. Earliest of all yielded 100 pounds, large in size and of good quality. Honey Bees, Danish Expert, and Earl of Arundel, also of good quality. Garden peas sown May 6 were available July 4. Twelve varieties of beans sown May 6 were generally ready four days after the middle of July. All are reported good and tender only one variety being stringy. Beets, summer, were ready from August 12 to 14 and ran from 21 to 42 inches in height. Howes Alberta Plant was the most prolific.

India Leads With Cattle

But Australia Is Sheep Country of the World

British India, with 11,137,000 head of cattle, leads the world in total numbers of this live stock. United States is second, with 65,000,000 head; the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics in Europe has 37,716,700; Argentina, 27,643,000; Germany, 17,325,091; France, 14,021,950; Australia, 13,357,689; Great Britain and Ireland, 12,562,521; and Canada, 3,460,826.

Australia is the largest holder of sheep with almost 100,000,000. Canada has only 2,581,743 head.

Champion Radio Announcer



"It is quite true, I really had 'stap right,'" said genial George Wright, explaining that when at the close of the radio show in Vancouver he was offered the cap which signified the most popular broadcast announcer on the Pacific Coast, he was unable to do more than fairly pass a half-sable "Franklin." "I found there was a vast difference between talking over the air through a microphone and speaking to a crowd of people present and visible."

Mr. Wright is chief announcer at CNRV, the Canadian National Radio

Was Good Advertising

Wheat Entry at Chicago Boosts Peace River Country

Harmon Trevelyan, vice president of the Peace River country, the provincial government's publicity office has already received a number of inquiries about that part of the province.

Farmers in various parts of the Western States, who have read about the price-paying grain, have written for further information about the country and the opportunities for settlement. It is anticipated that the inquiry will result in actual immigration next spring and officials of the department of agriculture are looking for a substantial movement from the United States next spring.

Success in Canning Foods

Freshness and Celery in Handling Essential Asset

"A century and a quarter have elapsed since Nicholas Appert discovered that cooked foods could be preserved in airtight containers. Appert enjoyed an enviable reputation as a chef gained through his study of the art of selecting and preparing delicious appetizing foods. In his published works, he speaks of obtaining the best quality of preserving aroma and states that freshness, cleanliness in handling and the greatest cleanliness are indispensable for articles that are to be preserved."

Prince as a Farmer

Says Knowledge of Chemistry, Botany and Engineering is Necessary

The Prince of Wales in the role of a dirt farmer, told the National Farmers' union meeting in England that knowledge of chemistry, botany and engineering was necessary part of the modern farmer's equipment. Speaking at a dinner given by the union the prince announced that he had just acquired a new farm, in addition to the ones he already owned. He said he was studying the business viewpoint, which he regarded as essential for successful farming.

Little Molly and Doty approached the table on which was a dish of apples, an extra large one on top. "Is you good?" asked Molly, at a long look at the fruit. "No," answered Doty, "I'm not good."

"Well," said Molly, "you choose first!"

Bells for Parliament Buildings

Expect Carillon to Be Ready for the Dominion Jubilee

The carillon bells which are to be installed in the lofty tower of Canada's main block of the parliament buildings, Ottawa, will start their voyage across the Atlantic coast within a week or two, according to the latest advices from the chime makers at Croydon, Eng., who are shipping the huge bells. First of all will come the framework on which the bells are to stand, this, too, being tried out at the Croydon factory. At this end it is understood construction cannot be started until the recent contract of parliament is entered on account of the noise which the installation of the bells will cause. However, it is expected there will be no difficulty in having the carillon working order in time for the official opening, July 1, of Canada's Diamond Jubilee year of Confederation.

World's Best Lighted Street

A recent survey of the Great White Way shows that Broadway remains the most brilliantly lighted street in the world. Along the line of Broadway below 135th street there are 12,400 electric signs, regularly using more than 1,000,000 lamps. Restaurant and business lists of illuminated buildings placed with 3,000 electric signs.

Fixing It Up

At a dinner party one gentleman arriving late, found a seat reserved for him near the head of the table where the goose was being carved. "Ah!" he exclaimed, with a pleasant smile. "I am to sit by the goose. When observing the lady on the next chair, he made haste to add, 'I mean the roasted one of course.'"

Station Master (to elderly woman who has just entered first class compartment): "Art you first class passenger?"

Woman—Yes, thank you. How are you?"

He (proceedingly)—I tell you my love for you is making me mad—mad—mad.

She (calmly)—Well, keep quiet about it. It's had the same effect on my father.

Increasing National Health Results From Abstinence And More Outdoor Exercise

Found Prosperity in Canada

Man From Iowa Makes Good in Red River District

Canadian newspaper files contain many records of men having come to this country with only a few dollars but a plentiful supply of grit and determination. Not all have succeeded; but in the majority of cases the soil of Canada is proving them with a good living and a reasonable amount to spare besides. The Victoria (B.C.) Times directs attention to an obscure newspaper from the other day which noted the experience of one George Fagan, who, in Mount Pleasant, Iowa, in 1914 and moved to Bowden, Alberta, arriving there with a little more than \$70. He leased 640 acres of land in the Red River district, and for two years did the land working out and getting some if it broken. He really started farming in 1914 and since that time has produced the 100 acres of alfalfa. He now has 74 head of cattle, 25 horses and a full line of farming equipment, including his own threshing machine. Last year he threshed 24,000 bushels of grain, and about 18,000 bushels of this year, this year he had 500 acres in crop. He has no reason to be sorry for his decision.

Are Serving Their Country

Men Who Are Extending Agricultural Belt Into Far North

Thanks to the research work of Mr. William Macoun, horticulturist of the Dominion Bureau of Agriculture, this year at Fort Resolution, on Great Slave Lake, in latitude 61 degrees north, 300 miles north of Winnipeg, wheat and manure have been sown with his wheat (Macoun), and Macoun has brilliantly achieved it with his sweet corn. These men have bettered the record of Sir's philosopher, who made two blades of grass where one grew before, bettered the record of the man who made great quantities of wheat and corn, and made good where nothing of the kind grew before. What Swift said of his two horses may be applied to these men: "No," answered Doty, "I'm not good."

"Well," said Molly, "you choose first!"

Improving the Herd

What Can Be Accomplished in the Building of a Dairy Herd

An illustration of what can be accomplished in building up a dairy herd is provided in the experience of the Experimental Station at St. Anne de Bellevue, Que., in 1921. The average production of the milk herd was 5,492 lbs. of milk, containing 250.2 lbs. of fat. In 1925 it had increased to 5,751 lbs. of milk, containing almost 500 lbs. of fat. The increasing average production is due, for the most part, in the selection of the best cows and the removal of the inferior ones. The selection of the best cows is based on the milk and fat record; gradual elimination of the poor cows and the replacement of the latter either through the breeding of better cows or the purchase of better cows through purchase at an opportune time. Mr. St. Anne de Bellevue, superintendent of the station states in his report that the logical way to get rid of such cows is to weigh and test their production, keep records and turn them out.

New Capital for Rumania

Queen Marie in a published letter states that while in the United States she discussed a scheme for building a new capital in place of Bucharest by a United States enterprise. Her wish is to transfer the capital from Bucharest for aesthetic reasons; in the new capital, she is said to favor Brass (Kronstadt) in Transylvania, the geographical center of Rumania.

Variety Collection

Found in a collection taken at St. Patrick's Church, in St. Louis, were two Canadian coins, six American, three Spanish, two French, six Italian, five Belgian, and one German. "I am to sit by the goose. When observing the lady on the next chair, he made haste to add, 'I mean the roasted one of course.'"

Station Master (to elderly woman who has just entered first class compartment): "Art you first class passenger?"

Woman—Yes, thank you. How are you?"

He (proceedingly)—I tell you my love for you is making me mad—mad—mad.

She (calmly)—Well, keep quiet about it. It's had the same effect on my father.

Concluded

It was stated the other day by a medical lecturer that modern man eats less, drinks less, and wears fewer clothes than his ancestors, and that, in consequence, he lives longer and is less frequently vexed by disease while he lives. Not only so, but he is a stranger to many of the diseases with which his ancestors were all too familiar; for example, gout and rheumatic fever. These two diseases are certainly on the wane—no much so that young medical men know of them chiefly by tradition. The more commonplace spectacle of "middle aged" is now rare enough to be an object of curiosity. Probably the wearing of gaiters as a national vice has been completely eradicated. The wearing of gaiters as a national vice has been completely eradicated. The wearing of gaiters as a national vice has been completely eradicated.

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If you come from England, Ireland or Scotland you are pretty sure to be a tea drinker and a good judge of "good tea".

On that account we particularly request that you try a package of Red Rose Tea. You will find it has the "old home" taste, as Red Rose Tea was originally put up by a famous London firm. And in later years in our Canadian plant the blending and packing has been under the supervision of one of the best trained men of the London tea rooms.

You will enjoy Red Rose. It is what you will call "good tea".

"Every package is guaranteed."

RED ROSE
"is good tea"
RED ROSE ORANGE PEKOE is extra good.

Strange Romantic Love Adventures of the Gloppe you know

by H. L. GATES
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Published by arrangement with First National Pictures, Inc.

CHAPTER XXVIII—Continued

Lady Weymouth, a sprightly, ecstatic young woman of that English sort which possesses two distinct characters, the one that shows and the one that is hidden, often, especially in the police, greeted Joanna effusively when the girl reached the villa veranda where the visitor had chosen to wait. Joanna was fond of Teddy Domestier's sister, but it was a shy timidity she never quite revealed. Betty Weymouth was different, some way, from others of the crowd that entered from villa to villa, that shone resplendent with its jewels and its velvet backs at the Casino, opera, or rodeo, in pairs, through the quiet lanes that wandered back from the main roads by the coast. She professed, openly, to be ever at the verge of indifference; but one was quietly confident that the never-said "I love" was barely there, but repeatedly announced that she was in imminent danger of being arrested or being fined, or something like that, for having deliberately lopped off two years from her birth certificate. "One must knock off at least a year with every lady the likeliest to do so," she already got two." She was desperately unconscious of any attractive quality of watchfulness upon the part of the ear, her brother, but often sat and talked with him for an hour at a time. Which is seldom the way between brothers of the Tordella minister type and sisters of the Betty Weymouth kind. Joanna would have liked to have Lady Weymouth read her own fate as of her, but she was ever afraid Betty Weymouth would not take such appreciation seriously.

"I am all eagerness to know about your fate," the sister said at once, "for that is all I hear whispered about. It's terribly exciting, you know, to be doing something that is whispered about. I've been trying ever since I came down from London to get someone to drop their voices about me, but they won't. I put on a scandalous affair with Michael, that night you were with us at the opera, when you presented Mr. Williams. I've never heard an echo. You're so fortunate! The night before that took just a little dash in a car with him and whenever you're so thick you can cut them."

"Really you know, I've never taken Teddy on," Joanna resumed Lady Betty—"But I might at any time."

While they waited for the maid to wheel up her tray and arrange the service, Joanna proffered Lady Weymouth a cigarette. For her own, she found, on a table, an exquisite new holder that Kenneth had sent her the night before. She had others set with emeralds or rubies. This one was of bamboo in which some Chinese wood had fixed tiny bits of camellia buds.

Lady Betty said, "Just. Really Kenneth to search the ends of the earth to note the whims of his lady."

She was instantly mindful of that slip of the pencil—his lady loves. And, being an English woman, she was never at a loss to turn her own slip into an advantage.

Embarrassing Position Experienced By Bronx Lady

Miss Joanne Gribber, Bronx, N. Y., writes: "I had become accustomed to arising each day with a heavy head, dizzy and bad taste in my mouth. My bowels were frequently clogged and constipated. One day I became so sick to my stomach I had to leave an important job and home. A friend advised me to take CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS. I feel greatly relieved since using them and whenever my stomach and head goes bad again I'll certainly know what to do."

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are sugar coated, small, easy to swallow, purely vegetable, and relieve the bowels free from pain. They tone the system as they are purely vegetable and do not irritate the mucous membrane.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS, 25c and 75c, red packages.

"I'm sorry I said that, my dear," she said softly, "but it is just as well, perhaps, because it will open my way. I want to talk to you about the kind of tea that is spoken of in the plural. Joanna glanced at her sharply. This was a new Lady Weymouth."

"It may be that it is late that isn't plural I will begin about," Lady Betty went on, after a moment's consideration. "The smoke that curled lazily from her lips. 'It's about you, you know, Teddy and you, dear. Today's an awfully nice, I know, and he's kissed the hem of a thousand garments when he should have stopped at the fingers. But, he's always said that no woman is ever approached by a man who doesn't back on to, and I'm sure he ought to know.'"

Again she waited to watch the nebulous trail of the smoke swirl that lifted from her cigarette. Joanna's "That's quaint!" Betty exclaimed. "Naturally quaint. And so wise. I shall not be content now until people are talking out loud."

Jade and bamboo holder was rolled midway between her lips and the table. The brown eyes had become fiery black. Her lips were drawn close, and they shaped into two straight lines. "You mean," she said, "you want me to stop beckoning?"

Lady Betty was so startled that her chest slipped from her fingers to the floor. A maid appeared out of her forgotten proximity and recovered it. Lady Betty did not see the hand that held the refilled tobacco.

"We mustn't make it a skirmish, my dear," she said to the girl who looked her full in the eyes. "I'm not come as a wife with a bargain to propose to her husband's mistress. I'm just Betty Weymouth dropped in to see to ask her friend, the Green Girl, if she won't be charming and generous and let a good chap down—let him down easily, but let him down. He loves you, dear, and he wants you. I've always said that there wasn't a reason in the world any man oughtn't to have any woman he wanted—it's just let him have her. That's good for my own brother, too. But he wants you. For Christ's different, isn't it?"

"Yes, it's different," Joanna agreed. "Women are so free to be had these days. It's strange any man would want one for keeps. And you think I'm not the kind he ought to have—in that way?"

Lady Betty smiled, and reached for a new cigarette. "My dear, you are so unsuspecting," she exclaimed brightly. "You place a speech on your moment, and you twist it into something that doesn't sound right at all and but it's before I've given it. She was earnest again. "I mean only that it wouldn't be fair to me, my brother, to our family, and least of all to you, dear girl, if you married Teddy. It would be hell for you, in fact. And, worse than everything else, it would be hell for me. I love my brother, Joanna. And a good sort. Throw him over, won't you, my dear girl?"

"Really," you know, I've never taken him on," Joanna resumed Lady Betty, and then added: "That I might, most any time. As you say, he's a good sort. And I like him tremendously. He's asked me to marry him, you know, and that's made him fearfully interesting to me. You must tell me why—"

She stopped. With her eyes she signalled the maid to serve the brandy and soda. Neither woman spoke while the tea was served and the mixture made. Then Joanna asked:

"Will you tell me why I am not worthy of your brother? He knows me. You don't. We are common birds of very seeking the same game. You hunt in your way, I in mine. Your trail may be different than mine, but we're women—or, at least, if you are a woman, I'm a girl, which is the same thing. It may not be, but I shall wait Lord Teddy. Why not?"

"A Domestier always has women," she said, "and he always puts them aside for a wife. The wife must be clean, and good. Are you both, my dear? You're modern, you know. You're beautiful and lovely, and I think, honest. But you're all body. I'm all body, too, but I have the acres that you have. You're not ashamed of it. A Domestier must be ashamed of it. It's a Domestier convention. Surely I won't have to say any more."

(To Be Continued.)

Canadian Apples Exported
Statistics show that Canada exported last year one barrel of apples for every three persons. Most of them were exported, and there was left for home consumption about one apple for every three persons.

The Territorial Historical Museum at Juneau, Alaska, has 29,000 Eskimo carvings and relics.

W. N. U. 1469

Dressing Children No Problem Now!

It doesn't cost much to keep the youngsters dressed in all the pretty colors of the season. By first, use Diamond Dyes. It's easy to use. It's lots of fun. The results are perfect, when you use red dye. Right over other colors, any material, in an hour's time. Keep your own clothes in style, too, by making them the newest shades. Also, the dyes and hangings in your home.

FREE for the asking, at any drugstore: Diamond Dye Cyclopella, full of suggestion, with easy directions. See actual stereograms color samples. Or write for free illustrated Color Craft to DIAMOND DYES, Dept. N10, Windsor, Ontario.

Diamond Dyes
Make it NEW for 15 cts.

Growing In Importance
Influence of Canada in League Increasing Says Viscount Willingdon

Canada exercises a position of growing importance in the League of Nations, His Excellency the Governor-General, Viscount Willingdon, stated at the annual meeting of the League of Nations Society in Canada, held at Ottawa. From what he had seen of the League, he said, the British Empire and its representatives held a great position in the council of the League, and "Canada is one of the principal parts of the Empire, and her delegates, as she rises in nationhood, will have more and more influence."

His Excellency emphasized the value of the League, in that it made it possible for foreign ministers of different nations to get together, and a "four hours' conversation is worth many months of the exchange of dispatches."

Lord Bessborough, past president, told the meeting that he wanted to emphasize the fact "that upon every one of the League's decisions depends the peace of the world. The status of the delegates to Geneva depends upon the League of Nations. It is behind them, and I believe Canadians are realizing this more and more."

The president, Sir George Porter, stated that one of the things which made him hopeful for the future was the amount of moderation and caution shown by Great Britain in its attitude in the perplexing Chinese problem, stating it was the influence of the League of Nations which brought about such a condition of affairs.

Some Interesting Legends
According to Tradition Beesfoot Was Discovered by Roman Senator

Tradition has it that the Roman Emperor Trajan ordered Lucius Phlegon, a senator, to lead a legion of officers searching for Jupiter. The senator thought that the work was beneath his dignity. He returned, however, but was stricken to the altar. While the ox that was sacrificed to the heathen god was being roasted, the senator in contempt tore off a piece of the meat and ate it. To his surprise it was very palatable. He cut other slices and broiled them for the slaves who were present. From that moment the Romans began to like "beesfoot," and before long the old style of Roman cookery gave way to the Phlegon style.

It is said that the king of beef owes its name to Charles II. of England. At dinner one day he was so much pleased with a piece of beef that he asked the name of it. "It is the beef," was the reply. "Then, said the king, 'it will knight it; henceforth it shall be Sir Loth!'"

Canada's Preventable Fires
Last year Canada had over five thousand forest fires burning over an area of nearly two million acres of which, according to the National Resources Intelligence Service of the Department of the Interior, 90 per cent. were caused by human agency and carelessness.

Laramie Receives Appointment
Senator Laramie, R-Rt. Man., has resigned from the presidency of the Manitoba Agricultural Societies, to become an adviser to the provincial government on an agricultural problem.

In Ha, an island of French possessions in the mid-Pacific, rats were as mediums of commerce, and with a sufficient number of men can buy a wife.

Possesses Exceptional Power of Concentration

Outstanding Characteristics of Canada's Minister to U.S.
Massey possesses exceptional powers of concentration, and when interested in a business project, the preparation of an address, or the presentation of a new play, has the ability to insulate himself against any disturbance and "let the world go by." He has been known to work on a problem with deep intensity for days at a time, and when he has found a solution to be as pleased as a boy with a new mechanical toy.

This power of concentration was a characteristic that caught the attention of members of the war cabinet. I remember hearing the late Sir James Lougheed, former Minister of the Department of Soldiers' Civil Re-establishment say "Massey is a remarkable young man. He not only has a trained mind, but he has tact and the ability to unite the efforts of those around him to a unusual degree. I believe he will go far."

Another factor in his success has been his realization of the value of time. For years he has maintained a schedule which has been the envy of his business associates. He has a record for punctuality that would make an alarm clock ashamed of its short-comings, and his promptness in acknowledging his personal correspondence has raised the admiration of all who know him.

We Couldn't Do Without It!
—Say The Movie Stars—
So say all whose work is hard after they try the delicious, invigorating refreshment of **Wrigley's Double Mint.**

Hacking Coughs
That keep you awake and make life miserable are quickly relieved and soon disappear under its healing and soothing influence
Chamberlain's Cough Remedy
25c 50c

Rules on Alberta Coal
Evidence on Rail Rates on Coal to be Heard June 7

There is much to be said by those who are urging lower rates than \$9 a ton on Alberta coal to Ontario, so that when there is any possibility of getting a decision in time to be of any assistance this year.

The board of railway commissioners which the question was referred, ruled that statisticians representing Ontario and Alberta on the one hand, and the two railway companies on the other met together on May 17 to compare their formulas, and the board will have evidence June 7 as to the effect of moving train loads of coal to Ontario.

MOTHERS PRAISE BABY'S OWN TABLETS

Mrs. L. M. Brown, Walton, N.S., says—"I cannot recommend Baby's Own Tablets too highly. I have found them invaluable for the ailments of little ones." Mrs. Brown continues: "The Tablets are a sure remedy for all the troubles which never fail to plague the stomach and bowels; relieve constipation and indigestion; break up colds and staphylococci and make the babies happy and content. In fact you banish all the minor ills from which little ones suffer. The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Chas. Pfizer & Co., New York, N.Y., or from the B. J. Brockington Co., Brockington, Ont."

750 tons of briquettes per day is the product of a machine for excavating peat from Minnesota peat bogs.

FOR COLDS
BAYER
ASPIRIN
Proved safe by millions and prescribed by physicians for
Colds Neuralgia
Pain Neuritis
Headache Lumbago
Toothache Rheumatism

DOES NOT AFFECT THE HEART
Safe

WARNING!
Beware of Counterfeits
There is only one genuine "ASPIRIN" tablet. If a tablet is offered as "ASPIRIN" and is stamped with the "Bayer Cross"—refuse it with contempt—imitate "ASPIRIN" will slip through your fingers.

Accept only "Bayer" package which contains proven directions. Handy "Bayer" boxes of 12 tablets. Also boxes of 24 and 100—100¢ each.

Aspirin is the trade mark registered in Canada of Bayer Manufacturing of Monrovia, California. At dinner one day he was so much pleased with a piece of beef that he asked the name of it. "It is the beef," was the reply. "Then, said the king, 'it will knight it; henceforth it shall be Sir Loth!'"

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BINDER TWINE

The influence of this Farmers' Company in the distribution and sale of twine has for ten years been of immense benefit to the farmers of Western Canada. Place your provisional order now with the U. G. G. Agent for your 1927 requirements.

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Everything in Tobacco Lines
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We beg to announce to the public that we have opened temporary quarters in the Stampede Cafe, where we shall be pleased to serve you.

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The Oyen News

Ground Floor of Masonic Building

About Town and Country

A wheat drive and dance will be given under the auspices of the Women's Guild of All Saints Church, on the evening of Thursday, February 24.

The Young People's Club, fortnightly dance, in the Masonic Hall, Friday, February 25.

Under instructions from Arch'd Johnston I will sell at public auction all his household goods and effects, on Saturday, February 26, at the Masonic Hall, Oyen, at 2 p.m.

—B. H. Dial, Auctioneer

Born—To Mr. and Mrs. Harold McDonald of Oyen, on Monday, February 21, a daughter.

An entertainment in the form of "A Night with Burns" will be given on Friday evening in Lunfene community hall. Rev. C. R. Corcoran will show about 60 slides depicting scenes in the Burns' country. A splendid program has been arranged with the following artists assisting: Mrs. McDonald, Miss Maxine Sutherland, Mr. Thor, Storror and Mr. Huntley.

A hard time dance will be held in Excel School on Friday, February 25. Prizes given for best costumes.

Mr. S. A. Miller left last Monday for Calgary, where he will attend the annual convention of the Merchant's Retail Association.

Our representative will be at Mr. J. R. Lowe's store on Saturday, March 5, with a choice selection of Spring Millinery—Style Millinery, Calgary.

Mrs. G. D. Shields of Hanna, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Pratt during the latter part of last week, being joined by her husband on Sunday. Mr. and Mrs. Shields returned to Hanna on Monday.

Dr. and Mrs. H. C. Swartzlander who have been spending the past few days in Calgary, are expected home to-morrow morning.

Mr. and Mrs. F. L. Aylesworth returned to Oyen last Sunday after a six week's stay in Calgary, where Mr. Aylesworth was inspecting city schools.

Card of Thanks

Mrs. Kirner and relatives desire to express their heartfelt thanks for the help given at the funeral and the many expressions of sympathy given in their sad bereavement.

CLASSIFIED ADS.

FOR SALE—Tudor Ford Sedan, in good condition. Cheap for cash. Apply at Oyen Billiard Hall.

FOR SALE—Good milk cow to freshen soon. Apply to W. J. Affleck, Sec. 5-30 4, Excel, Alta.

FOR SALE—Pure bred Barred Rock Cockerels, winter laying strain from Letbridge Experimental Farm and Major Strange's. Price \$2.50. Phone 1018. Mrs. J. C. Hyde, Oyen.

FOR SALE—Banner oats, on the farm at 58 cents per bushel. Samples may be seen at A. P. Elevator and Oyen stores. O. S. Peck, Phone 1210.

WANTED—A mile of Barb wire, and two miles Pig wire 34 inches high. F. G. Langford.

FOR SALE—Three bottom disc plow (Cockshutt) in good condition, only used one season. Price \$200.00. Phone 285. O. W. Cudde, 6-28-4.

M.D. of Cereal, No. 242

The following Councillors were elected to office in the Municipal District of Cereal, by acclamation, last Saturday: Division 1. F. W. Nichol Division 2. Alf Gibson In Division No. 2, Mr. John M. Taylor is opposing Mr. Carl O. Olson, and an election will be held next Saturday. Mr. Robert McCallum is Returning Officer and the poll will be held at the home of Mr. H. M. Regan.

M.D. of Bertawan No. 271

The following councillors were elected to fill the vacancies occurring at this time, in the Municipal District of Bertawan:

Division 2. G. B. Speers Division 3. E. J. Norris Division 5. Charles Wilson A nomination paper was received from supporters of Mr. Amos Musser for Division No. 4 but Mr. Musser withdrew, leaving Mr. Norris to go in by acclamation. Councillors Speer and Wilson, also go in by acclamation.

M.D. of Acadia, No. 241

Mr. A. J. Thurston, was elected to office by acclamation last Saturday, for Division No. 3, in the Municipal District of Acadia.

In Division No. 2, Mr. L. Jones is opposed by Mr. A. Muskayn. An election will be held next Saturday, polling place at Bryant School.

In Division No. 6, Mr. R. P. Hall is opposed by Mr. F. A. Pope. Election next Saturday, polling place at the home of Mr. A. C. Thomas.

M.D. of Golden Centre, No. 272

Councillors were elected by acclamation in Divisions 2 and 4 of the Municipal District of Golden Centre, last Saturday. Bruce Morris in Division No. 2 and Ed. Stewart in Division No. 4.

A sufficient number of ratepayers were not present to nominate a councillor for Division No. 6. It is probable that the vacancy will be filled at the discretion of the council at their first meeting.

Bonspiel Dates

Chinook Feb. 28, March 1 2 Johnson.

OBITUARIES**ELLINOR ROBINSON**

Miss Ellinor Robinson, daughter of Joseph and Hannah M. Robinson, died at the home of her brother Mr. James E. Robinson at Haven, Alberta on Tuesday, February 15, at 9:45 a.m. of double pneumonia.

Miss Robinson was born in Seymour, Ontario in 1846. She came west to Haven, Alberta with her brother James E. Robinson and his family fifteen years ago. Miss Robinson was one of the pioneers of this district and was well known and highly esteemed in the community. She leaves to mourn one brother, Mr. James E. Robinson and his family in Haven, Alberta, besides a large number of relatives and a host of friends both in Ontario and Alberta.

A short funeral service was held at the home on Thursday, February 17, 1927 at eleven a.m. Interment followed at Oyen Cemetery.

JOHN EDWARD KIRNER

The death of John Edward Kirner, who conducted a general store business in Empress, occurred at that town on Tuesday, February 15.

A funeral service was conducted at the home of his brother, Mr. Kirner, on Saturday morning and burial followed at Oyen Cemetery.

The late Mr. Kirner, who was born in Philadelphia, January 19, 1861, spent most of his life in Iowa. He came to Empress in 1913 when he started a general store business, which he conducted till the time of his death. He leaves a widow in the east and father, brother and sister in the States.

Lady Curlers Win at Youngstown

A ladies rink went from Oyen last week to attend the Ladies' Bonspiel at Youngstown. After getting away to a poor start in their first game in the Grand Challenge, they covered themselves in glory by winning right through to the finals of the Consolation series, when they had to be content with second place in a closely contested game. The rink returned to Oyen on Sunday morning, each lady being the proud possessor of a very fine tea cloth and six serviettes. The personnel of the rink was: Miss Muriel May, Miss Winnie Love, Mrs. A. Gibson and Mrs. A. Johnson.

Professional Cards**H.C. SWARTZLANDER**

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Postgraduate Polyclinic Hospital
General Medicine Otolaryngology
Phone 7 Oyen

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Oyen, Alberta

Dr. T. F. Holt

Dental Surgeon
Graduate of Toronto University
Residence on Second Ave. East
Out of Town Thursdays

John P. Kerr

Veterinary Surgeon
Graduate of Ontario
Veterinary College.
Oyen, Alta

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Oyen Theatre

Friday-Saturday, February 25-26

CECIL B. DeMILLE'S

"SILENCE"

An all star cast including: Vera Reynolds, H. B. Warner, Raymond Hatton, Rockcliffe Fellows, Jack Mulhall and Virginia Pearson.

One of the most appealing picture stories ever filmed. Thrills—laughter—tears—sighs—drama and romance.

Don't Miss It